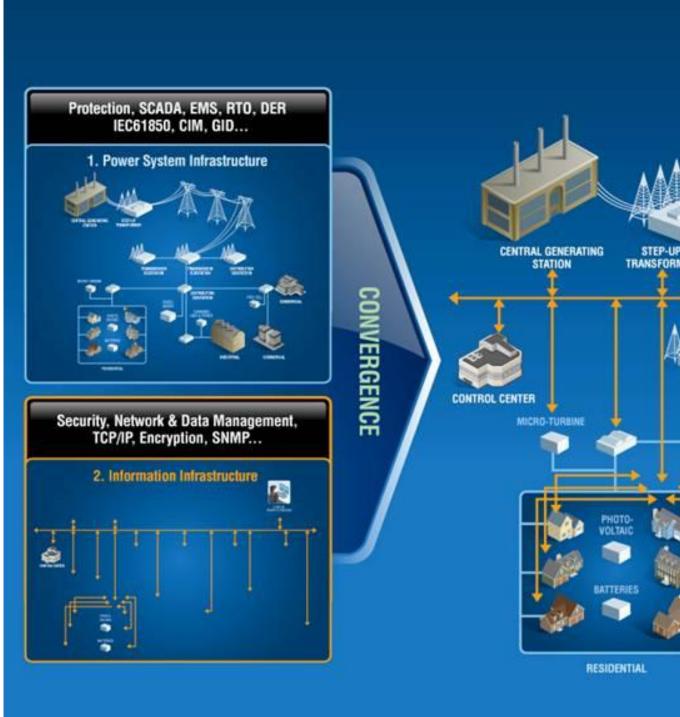
# **Industrial Control Systems – Are They Secure?**

The convergence of IT (information technology) and OT (operational technology) and the rise of the "Internet of Things" make cybersecurity imperative, in particular for industrial control system (ICS) and supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) environments.



# **ICS Security Challenges and Opportunities**

### Key challenge: Getting access to data

- "Do not change a running system" this principle makes it difficult to develop novel solutions
- In the best case only passive, non-intrusive data collection and analysis is possible
- Collaboration with partner is key to get access to real-world data and to build ICS security solutions

### **Opportunities**

- IBM as a leader in IT security intelligence (QRadar) can enhance its portfolio with novel OT security intelligence solutions
- OT security intelligence also provides operational insight double benefit for customers



### **References and links:**

- IBM Security Research Zurich: <a href="http://www.zurich.ibm.com/csc/security/">www.zurich.ibm.com/csc/security/</a>

www.zurich.ibm.com/science-posters/

# Industrial Control System Security

# Marc Stoecklin, Andreas Wespi

1. Power Sy	stem Infrastructure		
			USERS OF JER SYSTEM DATA
TRANSMISSION SUBSTATION	TRANSMISSION DI SUBSTATION		FUEL CELL
	DISTRIBUTION SUBSTATION COMBINED HEAT & POWER	FUEL CELL	COMMERCIAL
	INDUSTR	RIAL COM	FLYWHEEL

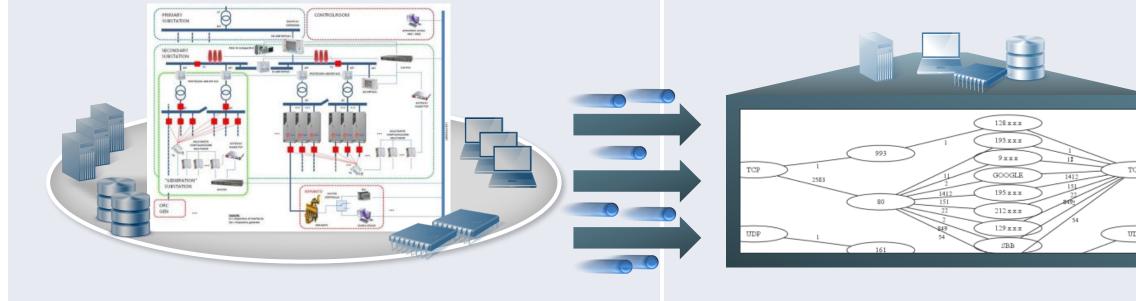
IBM Security Intelligence: <u>www-03.ibm.com/software/products/en/category/security-intelligence</u>



# **Our Approach to Secure Industrial Control Systems**

IBM Research, in close cooperation with IBM GTS and IBM Security Services, is engaging with a large international power-generation and distribution company. We are following a three-pronged approach to assess and improve the security of industrial control systems.

Activity 1 Instrumentation and Collection	Activity 2 Passive Network Exploration
<ul> <li>Identify strategic points in the network</li> <li>Collection of network data (e.g., NetFlow, packet header information, DHCP/ARP data)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identification of devices</li> <li>Collection of much as possile information about the device</li> <li>Understanding the traffic flow communication patterns, and dependencies</li> </ul>



# **Our Solution – ICS Security Console**

### Use case and data-driven

• Known attacks (e.g., Stuxnet, Havex, Duqu) Access to real-world data and environments Feedback from ICS domain experts

## Multi-layer anomaly detection

- Device layer: inventory behavior
- Traffic layer: behavior/interaction patterns Control layer: access and command actions
- Operation layer: OPC tag operations and values

### Techniques

- Machine learning on categorical and time-series data
- Statistical analyses

Dashboard	Device	Explorer	Time		
Data set	Baseline	e (61 sample	es]		
Discovere	d IP ad	dresses			
IP address		Server			
10		teen to	ed		
10			ed		
10		0.644780	ed		
10		COLORAD	ed		
10		10 Cardia	ed		
10		0.000	ed		
172.		ACCESS TO	ed		
172.		******	ed		
172.		nan agas	ed		
Graph set	tings				
Connect IP addresses					
Show broadcast					
Show	multicast				
Save layo	out	Physics o	n		



